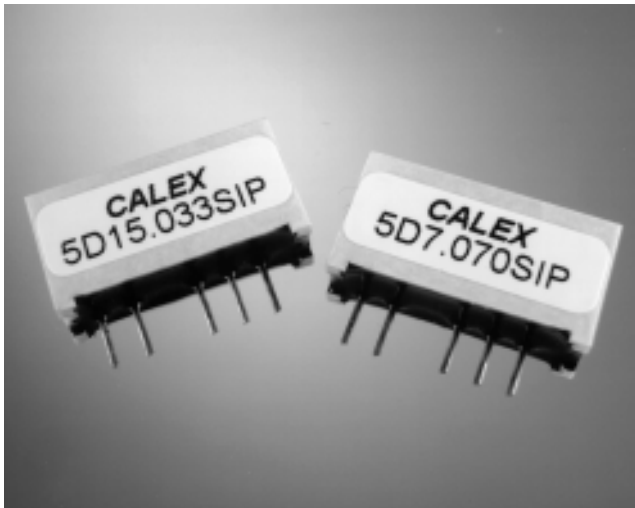


# 1 Watt SIP Dual Series DC/DC Converters



## Features

- 3000 VDC Isolation Voltage
- Operating Range of 4.5 to 5.5 Volts
- Semi-Regulated 1 Watt Outputs
  - $\pm 5$ , 12, 15 and 7, 14, 17 Volt Outputs
- Simple Five Terminal Operation
- Small SIP Package, Fits in 0.19 sq.in. of PCB Area
- Low Noise Operation
- 5 Year Warranty

## Description

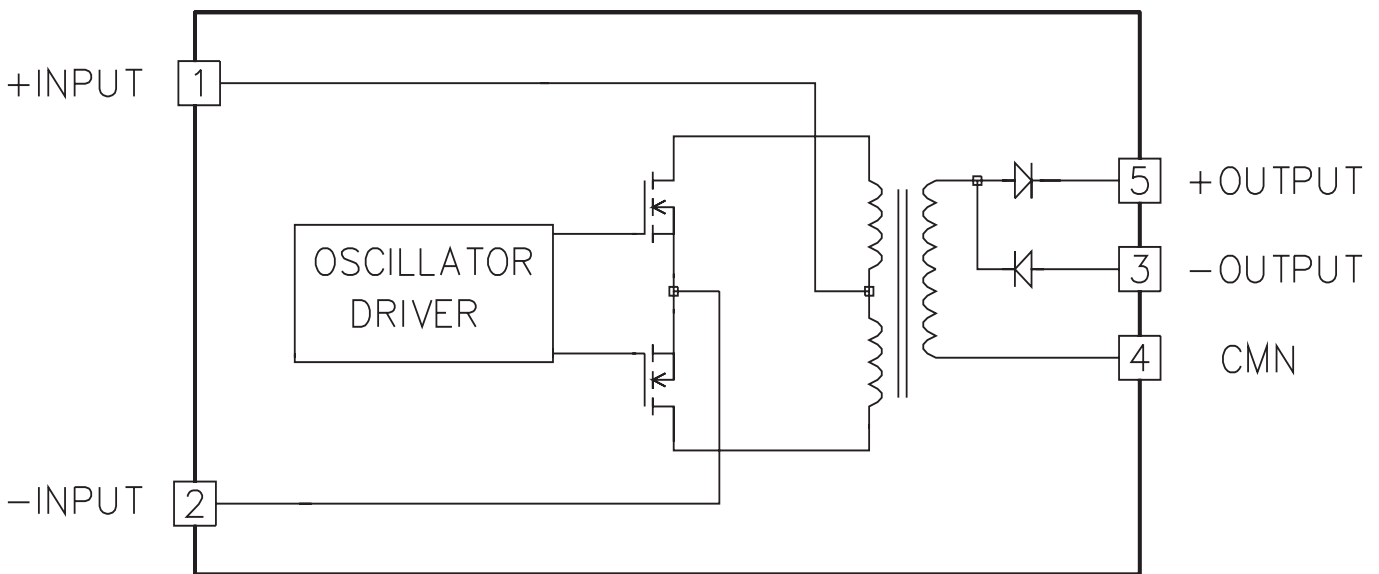
The CALEX SIP Dual is specifically designed to provide bipolar output voltages and 3000 VDC isolation for 5 volt digital systems. The series provides semi-regulated outputs of 5, 12 and 15 volts for directly driving your circuits or 7, 14 and 17 volt outputs for driving three terminal regulators.

The high efficiency operation of typically 74% for a 12 volt output means efficient use of your system power.

Easy five terminal operation makes using the converter a snap. Just plug it in and you are ready to solve those nasty analog problems that arise when only 5 volt digital power is available in your system.

Selection Chart					
Model	Input Range VDC		Output		
	Min	Max	VDC	mA	Power W
5D5.075SIP	4.5	5.5	$\pm 5.0$	$\pm 75$	$\frac{3}{4}$
5D7.070SIP	4.5	5.5	$\pm 7.0$	$\pm 70$	1
5D12.040SIP	4.5	5.5	$\pm 12.0$	$\pm 40$	1
5D14.035SIP	4.5	5.5	$\pm 14.0$	$\pm 35$	1
5D15.033SIP	4.5	5.5	$\pm 15.0$	$\pm 33$	1
5D17.030SIP	4.5	5.5	$\pm 17.0$	$\pm 30$	1

1 Watt SIP Dual Series Block Diagram



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Input Parameters*									
Model		5D5.075SIP	5D7.070SIP	5D12.040SIP	5D14.035SIP	5D15.033SIP	5D17.030SIP	Units	
Voltage Range	MIN	4.50						VDC	
	TYP	5.00							
	MAX	5.50							
Reflected Ripple (1)	TYP	65						mA P-P	
Input Current	Full Load	TYP	220	280	250	270	275	280	mA
	No Load	TYP	20	20	20	30	35	40	
Efficiency	TYP	69	70	74	74	75	75	%	
Switching Frequency	TYP	350						kHz	
Maximum Input Overvoltage 100 mSec max	MAX	6.5						VDC	

Output Parameters*								
Model		5D5.075SIP	5D7.070SIP	5D12.040SIP	5D14.035SIP	5D15.033SIP	5D17.030SIP	Units
Output Voltage		±5	±7	±12	±14	±15	±17	VDC
Output Voltage Accuracy (2)	MIN	4.75	6.65	11.40	13.30	14.25	16.15	VDC
	TYP	5.00	7.00	12.00	14.00	15.00	17.00	
	MAX	5.25	7.35	12.60	14.70	15.75	17.85	
Output Balance (3)	TYP	< 1.0						%
Rated Load Range	MIN	0	0	0	0	0	0	mA
	MAX	±75	±70	±40	±35	±33	±30	
Load Regulation (4)	20% - 75% Full Load	9.0						%
	75% - 100% Full Load	4.0						
Cross Regulation (5)	TYP	1.0					1.5	%
Line Regulation (6)	TYP	1.3						% / %
Noise, 0 to 20MHz (1)	TYP	60			40		30	mV P-P
Temperature Coefficient	TYP	400						ppm/°C
Short Circuit Protection to Common	TYP	(7)						

## NOTES

\* All parameters measured at Tc=25 °C case temperature, nominal input voltage and full rated load unless otherwise noted. Refer to the CALEX Application Notes for definition of terms, measurement circuits and other information.

- Noise is measured per CALEX Applications notes. All noise measurements are made with a 10µF/35V Tantalum capacitor connected directly across the input and outputs. Measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz.
- Output voltage accuracy is measured at 75% of maximum load.
- Output balance is the percent difference in voltage from the plus to the minus output at 75% of maximum load.

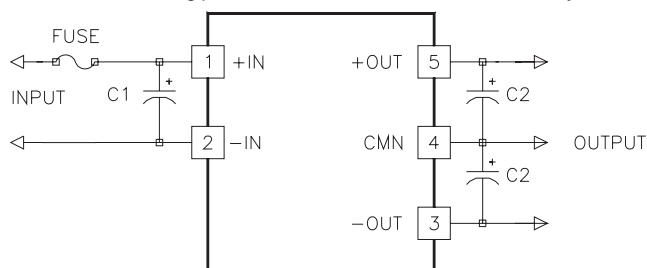
## General Information

The 1 Watt SIP series provides isolated, semi-regulated outputs of ±5, 7, 12, 14, 15, and 17 VDC. The high efficiency low noise push-pull design operates at 350 kHz which reduces to a minimum your external filter requirements. The converter is packaged in a non-conductive plastic case and can be water washed after being assembled to your PC board.

## Applying The Input

Figure 1 shows the recommended input connections for the SIP Dual series. C1 may not be required when the power source is less than 2" from the unit. The source impedance should be less than 0.5 ohm over the frequency range of DC to 350 kHz. A 10µF/10V solid Tantalum capacitor will satisfy the requirements for C1, and should be placed as close to the converter as possible.

- Load regulation is measured relative to 75% maximum load. Load regulation is specified with both outputs changing simultaneously.
- Cross regulation is measured relative to 75% maximum load. Cross regulation is measured by operating the +output at 75% of maximum load and varying the -output as specified. The change in the +output is the cross regulation.
- Line regulation is for a 1% change in the input voltage.
- Current limiting must be accomplished by using a current limited source or fuse in the input circuit.
- The case thermal impedance is specified as the case temperature rise over ambient per package watt dissipated.
- Specifications subject to change without notice.
- Water Washability - Calex DC/DC converters are designed to withstand most solder/wash processes. Careful attention should be used when assessing the applicability in your specific manufacturing process. Converters are not hermetically sealed.



C1 = 10µF if converter is more than 2" from the main power source.

C2 = 2.2µF minimum, 10 µF typical, may be spread around your board.

Figure 1.

Typical input and output connections for the SIP Dual series.

# 1 Watt SIP Dual Series DC/DC Converters

General Specifications*			
All Models			Units
<b>Isolation</b>			
Isolation Voltage Input to Output 10µA Leakage	MIN	3000	VDC
Input to Output Capacitance	TYP	30	pF
<b>Environmental</b>			
Case Operating Range No Derating	MIN MAX	-25 85	°C
Storage Range	MIN MAX	-40 100	°C
Thermal Impedance (8)	TYP	58	°C/Watt
Unit Weight	TYP	0.1	oz
Case Material	Non Conductive Plastic		

## Output Short Circuit Protection

This series is only protected for momentary output short circuits to common so a fast acting fuse or input current limiting is recommended to protect the converter. If output shorts are possible then the protection circuit should not be omitted as it serves to prevent unlimited current from flowing in the case of an overcurrent at the load.

## Very Low Noise Input Circuit

Figure 2 shows a very low noise input circuit that may be used with the converters. This circuit will reduce the input reflected ripple current to less than 10 mA peak to peak. L1 should be sized to handle the maximum DC current of your application. C1 must be used if L1 is required in the circuit.

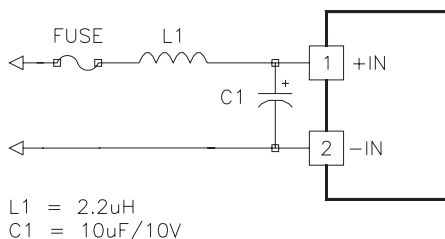


Figure 2.

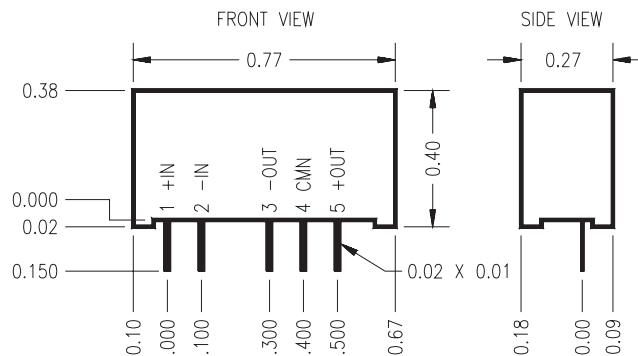
This circuit will reduce the input reflected ripple current to less than 10 mA peak to peak. See the discussion in the text for selecting C1 and L1.

## Applying The Output

Figure 1 shows the typical output connection for the converter. C2 is required for proper operation of the outputs. C2 should be at least 2.2µF minimum and can be made up of the bypass capacitors already used in your application. A low ESR 10µF Tantalum capacitor is recommended. Decreasing the ESR of C2 will lower the output noise.

## Operation With Light Loads

This converter uses a semi-regulated design. The output voltage will vary as the load is changed, increasing as the load is decreased. See the Output Voltage vs. Output Load curve for more information.



Mechanical tolerances unless otherwise noted:

X.XX dimensions: ±0.020 inches

X.XXX dimensions: ±0.010 inches

Pin	Function
1	+INPUT
2	-INPUT
3	-OUTPUT
4	CMN
5	+OUTPUT

## Operation With Changing Input Voltage

The output will change proportionally to a change in the input voltage. The typical output voltage change is 1.3% per % change in input voltage.

## Low Noise Output Circuit

The circuit shown in Figure 3 can be used to reduce the output noise to below 8 mV p-p over a 20 MHz bandwidth. Size inductor L2 appropriately for the maximum expected load current. All the ground connections must be as short as possible back to the CMN pin. The filter should be placed as close as possible to the converter, even if your load is at some distance.

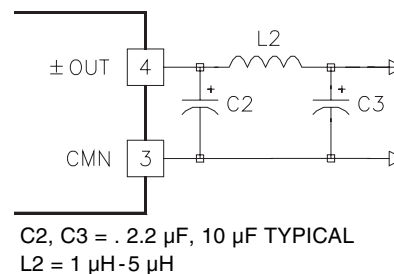


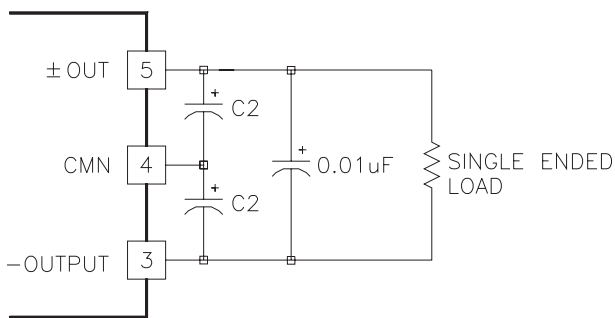
Figure 3.

This circuit can reduce the output noise to below 8mV P-P over a 20 MHz bandwidth. Size L2 for the maximum expected load current. Place as close as possible to the converter.

## Single Ended Loads

The Sip Dual series may be operated in a single ended mode to get 10, 14, 24, 28, 30 or 34 volt outputs. The circuit of Figure 4 should be used for single ended operation. The CMN pin should be left floating from your application ground.

# 1 Watt SIP Dual Series DC/DC Converters



**Figure 4.** Unipolar output voltages up to 34 volts may be generated by operating the SIP Dual Series converters in a single ended mode. The CMN pin should not be directly used in your application.

## Grounding

The input and output sections are fully floating and isolated from each other. They may be operated fully floating or with a common connection between the input and output.

## Temperature Derating

The 1 Watt Output SIP series can be operated up to a +85°C case temperature. Case temperature can be roughly calculated

from ambient by knowing that the case temperature rise is approximately 58°C per package watt dissipated.

For example: If a 5D12.040SIP is delivering 0.9 watts at 5V input, at what ambient could it expect to run with no additional cooling such as moving air?

Efficiency is approximately 73% which leads to an input power of 1.2 watts. The internal power loss is  $1.2 - .9 = 0.30$  watts. The case temperature rise will be  $0.30W \times 58^\circ C/W = 17^\circ C$ . This number is subtracted from the maximum case temperature rating of 85°C to get 68°C, which is the maximum ambient operating temperature.

This example calculation is for an application with no extra air flow for cooling. Extra cooling air will greatly effect the maximum ambient temperature. Exact internal power loss depends upon the efficiency, input voltage, and load in the application.

The above example is a rough approximation to the maximum ambient temperature. Because of the difficulty of defining ambient temperature, these calculations should be verified by actual measurement before committing to a production design.

Typical Performance: ( $T_c=25^\circ C$ )

